

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Hour \_\_\_\_\_

Human Geography Ch. 8 pp. 301-8

1. Why do the authors identify a decline in the percentage of people employed in agriculture worldwide as the MOST significant agricultural change in the past 40 years?
2. How can it be said that, through an agrarian lifestyle humans engage in perhaps the most environmentally connected activity known to man?
3. What is the difference between subsistence and commercial agriculture?
4. How do shifting cultivation and crop rotation attempt to preserve soil fertility?
5. How has globalization impacted traditional agricultural practices and societies especially in terms of gender roles?





4. How have changes in rural labor activities, the introduction of fertilizers, and the development of industrial substitutes for agricultural products affected the relationship between farmers and the people who consume their products?

5. Using pp.312-15, explain how the “Blue Revolution” has impacted each of the following:

A. American shrimp merchants

B. Shrimp ecology and habitat

C. Food politics in the U.S. versus the European Union

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Human Geography Ch. 8 pp. 317-27

1. How has globalization of agriculture occurred?

2. How can subsidies be both good for agriculture and bad for the national and international agricultural system?

Refer to pp.318-20 to answer question 3 & 4 below

3. How did the Green Revolution begin and what did it use to achieve its goals?

4. Discuss three reasons why the Green Revolution has been criticized and give evidence to support your points.

5. How is land reform's success or failure in Latin America related to the Green Revolution?

6. How does the idea of a food chain discussed on p.325 help us to understand that AGRIBUSINESS is a SYSTEM as opposed to a single industry or entity?

7. How have changes in global agricultural practices enabled consumer shifts at the local level to create new, post-modern food regimes?