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## New Words of Lesson 9

# 第九课 生词

### di4 jiu3 ke4 sheng1 ci2

Chinese Words	Pinyin	Part of Speech	Engl. Trans.
电话	diànhuà	n.	phone
海	hǎi	n	sea
海英		n	a name
楼	lóu	n.	floor, building
房间	fángjiān	n.	room
号	hao4	n.	number
同学	tóngxué	n.	classmate
宿舍	sùshe4	n	dormitory
对	duì	adj.	correct
房间	fángjiān1	n	room
公共	gōnggòng	adj.	public
干净	gān jìng	adj.	dirty
玩	wán	v.	play, have fun
来	lái	v.	to come

用	yòng	v.	to use
现在	xiàn zài	adv.	now
一下	yíxià	adv.	for a while
是的	shì de	idiomatic exp.	right, correct
好的	hǎo de	idiomatic exp.	OK, fine, all right
真的	zhēn de	idiomatic exp.	really
对了	duì le	idiomatic exp.	right, correct
对不起	duìbùqǐ	idiomatic exp.	sorry
没关系	méi guānxi	idiomatic exp.	It's all right. It doesn't matter.
知道	zhī dào	v.	know
室友	shì you <sup>3</sup>	n.	roommate
再见	zàijiàn	idiomatic exp.	Good bye
六	liù	numeral	six
七	qī	numeral	seven
八	bā	numeral	eight
九	jiǔ	numeral	nine
十	shí	numeral	ten
白	bái	numeral	hundred
多少	duōshǎo	question word	how many, how much

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Text of Lesson 9

## 第九课 课文

di4 jiu3 ke4 ke4 wen2

甲：海英，你住这儿吗？

乙：对了。我住 322 号。你呢？你也住学生宿舍吗？

甲：是的。

乙：你住多少号？

甲：我住 6 楼，632。

乙：真的吗？太好了。你的房间好吗？

甲：很好。很大，也很干净。来玩吧。

乙：好的。

甲：对了，海英，我用一下你的电话，好吗？

乙：对不起，这不是我的电话。是我室友的。她现在不在。真对不起。

甲：没关系。你知道公共电话在哪儿吗？

乙：在一楼。

甲：我现在去一楼。再见。

乙：再见。

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## Grammar of Lesson 9

# 第九课 语法

di4 jiu3 ke4 yu3 fa3

### 1. Numbers:

For multiples of ten, the multiplier precedes 十 (shí "ten". 20 then is 二十 (èrshí, that is 2x10; 30 is 三十 (sānshí, and so on. In compound numbers, units are added to the tens so 12 is 十二 (shí'èr), that is 10+2; 17 is 十七 (shíqī, 85 is 八十五 (bāshí wǔ), that is 80+5, etc.

2. Using the tag question 好吗 to make a suggestion or to ask for a permission:

好吗 can work as a tag to a statement. The function of the tag is to turn the statement in to a suggestion or a request. For example:

我们看电视, 好吗? Wǒmen kàn diànshì, hǎo ma? Let's/we'll watch TV, OK?

我用你的车, 好吗? Wǒ yòng nǐde chē hǎo ma? May I use your car?

To express consent and agreement, the response is usually “好 ” or “ 好啊 ”.

我们喝咖啡, 好吗? Wǒmen hē kāfēi, hǎo ma? Let's have coffee, OK?

好啊。 Hǎo ā. Fine.

To express disagreement, the response could be “对不起 ” or “不行 ” followed by an explanation.

我用你的车, 好吗? Wǒ yòng nǐde chē, hǎo ma? May I use your car?

不行。我的车不在这儿。 Bù xíng. Wǒde chē bú zài zhèr. No. My car is not here.

对不起。我的车不在这儿。 Duìbùqǐ. Wǒde chē bú zài zhèr. Sorry. My car isn't here.

3. The phrase 一下:

The phrase 一下 always follows a verb to indicate that the action expressed by the verb is informal and does not last long. For example:

这是你的书吗? 我看一下, 好吗?

Zhè shì nǐde shū ma? Wǒ kàn yīxià, hǎo ma?

Is this your book? May I take a look?

Note that 一下 is often used when the speaker is making a suggestion, and asking for a permission, for it carries the tone of politeness.

## Pronunciation Drills of Lesson 9

# 第九课 语音练习

## di4 jiu3 ke4 yu3 yin1 lian4 xi2

Pronunciation notes:

Rules for the change of tones for 一 (one)

一 (yī) represents the numeral "one". When it is spoken alone, or as the last component in a word or a sentence, it is read with its primary tone, the 1st tone. For example:

yī, èr, sān                      one, two, three

yī bā bā jiǔ                      1889

tōngyī                              to unite

When it immediately precedes a fourth-tone syllable, it changes from 1st to 2nd tone, and the tone mark reflects the change. For example:

Yìdìng                              surely, certainly



Shí shì shí. Sì shí sì. Shísì bú shì sìshí. Sìshí bú shì shísì.

Key: 十是十，四是四。十四不是四十，四十不是十四。

Key: Ten is ten. Four is four. Fourteen is not forty, forty is not fourteen.

## 2. Tag question 好吗

1. 我们去宿舍找他，好吗？ 好。可是你知道他的宿舍在哪儿吗？

2. 我的书不在这儿。我用一下你的书，好吗？

3. 这儿的茶不好。我们喝咖啡，好吗？对不起，我不喝咖啡。

4. 妈妈，现在我看电视，好吗？不行。为什么呢？不为什么。

5. 我们去他那儿玩儿，好吗？不行，不行。他那儿很脏。

1. Wǒmen qù sùshè zhǎo tā, hǎo ma? Hǎo. Kěshì nǐ zhīdào tāde sùshè zài nǎr ma?

2. Wǒde shū bú zài zhèr. Wǒ yòng yíxià nǐde shū, hǎo ma?

3. Zhèr de chá bù hǎo. Wǒmen hē kāfēi, hǎo ma? Duìbùqǐ, wǒ bù hē kāfēi.

4. Māma, xiànzài wǒ kàn diànshì, hǎo ma? Bù xìng. Wèishénme ne? Bú wèishénme.

5. Wǒmen qù tā nàr wánr, hǎo ma? Bù xìng, bù xìng. Tā nàr hěn zāng.

1. Let's go to the dorm to look for him, OK? OK. But, do you know where his dorm is?

2. My book is not here. May use your book for a while?

3. The tea here is not good. Let's drink coffee. Sorry. I don't drink coffee.

4. Mom, can I watch TV now? No. Why? No reason.

5. Let's go to his place for a visit, OK? NO, no. His place is very dirty.

3. The expression 一下:

1. 你现在用电话吗? 我用一下, 好吗?

2. 长江在哪儿呢? 我也不知道。看一下地图吧。

3. 妈妈, 我的汉语书在哪儿呢? 妈妈也不知道。你找一下, 好吗?

4. 王老师也在她哪儿吗? 我不知道。你去看一下, 好吗?

5. 这茶不好。真的吗? 我喝一下.....真的, 这茶不好。

1. Nǐ xiànzài yòng diànhuà ma? Wǒ yòng yìxià, hǎo ma?

2. Chángjiāng zài nǎr ne? Wǒ yě bù zhīdào. Nǐ zhǎo yìxià, hǎo ma?

3. Māma, wǒde Hànyǔ shū zài nǎr ne? Māma yě bù zhīdào. Nǐ zhǎo yìxià, hǎo ma?

4. Wáng lǎoshī yě zài tā nàr ma? Wǒ bù zhīdào. Nǐ qù kàn yìxià, hǎo ma?

5. Zhè chá bù hǎo. Zhēnde ma? Wǒ hē yìxià....zhēnde, zhè chá bù hǎo.

1. Are you using the phone now? May I use it?



2. Where is the Yangzte River? I don't know, either. Let's take a look at the map, OK?

3. Mom, where is my Chinese book? I don't know, either. Can you look for it?

4. Is Teacher Wang also at her place? I don't know. Go and take a look, OK?

5. This tea is not good. Really? Let me try? True, the tea is not good.

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Answer the following questions in Chinese to earn up to 2 extra credit points:

请问，这个人是谁？他是不是一个美国人？他姓什么？

